Life Cycle of Organics to Compost

Benefits of Composting
- Enriches soil by turning food/organic waste into beneficial soil additive
- Compost is an alternative to chemical fertilizers
- Prolongs the life of the landfill
- Reduces negative climate change impacts

Acceptable
COMPOSTABLE MATERIALS
- Fruit and Vegetables
- Meat, Fish, Shellfish
- Poultry and Bones
- Dairy Products
- Bread, Pasta, Baked Goods
- Tea Bags, Coffee Grounds, and Filters
- Paper Plates and Cups
- Paper Towels and Napkins
- Waxed Cardboard
- Waxed Paper Cups
- Food Soiled Cardboard and Paper
- Egg Shells
- Wooden Stir Sticks
- Wooden Chop Sticks

Non-Acceptable
MATERIALS (GARBAGE)
ALL PLASTICS
- Creamers
- Straws
- Lids
- Plastic Wrap
- Bags
- Utensils
- Wrappers
- Styrofoam
- Condiment Packaging
ALL METALS
- Lids
- Tin
- Foil
- Cutlery
- Aluminium